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preparation or mixture of any kind whatsoever containing methyl alcohol intended for internal use by man.

Any preparation or mixture containing methyl alcohol intended for external use by man, or so used, shall when offered for sale, sold, or used be conspicuously labeled as follows: "This preparation contains methyl (wood) alcohol."

Common Drinking Cups—Use of in Public Places Prohibited. (Ord. Bd. of H., Jan. 30, 1912.)

SEC. 189. The use of a common drinking cup or receptacle for drinking water in any public place, park, street or avenue, public institution, or in any hotel, theater, factory, school, public hall, or in any railroad car or ferryboat, or in any railway station or ferryhouse, or the furnishing of any such common drinking cup or receptacle for use in any such place, is hereby prohibited.

The term "public place" as used herein shall be construed to include—

(a) Any place where goods, wares, or merchandise are sold or offered for sale.

(b) Any department, bureau, building, or office of a municipal corporation.

The term "factory" as used herein shall be construed to include any workshop or manufacturing or business establishment where persons are employed at labor.

Meat Products—Permits Required to Manufacture. (Ord. Bd. of H., Feb. 20, 1912.)

SEC. 49a. The business of manufacturing or preparing sausages, or smoking or preserving meat or fish, shall not be conducted or carried on nor shall any place therefor be established in the city of New York without a permit in writing from the board of health of said city and subject to the rules and regulations of said board.

Milk—Adulteration of. (Ords. Bd. of H., Feb. 20 and Mar. 5, 1912.)

SEC. 53. No milk which is watered, adulterated, reduced, or changed in any respect by the addition of water or other substance, or by the removal of cream, shall be brought into the city of New York, or held, kept, sold, or offered for sale at any place in said city; nor shall anyone keep, have, sell, or offer for sale in the said city any such milk.

The term "adulterated milk," when so used in this code, means:

First. Milk containing more than $88\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of water or fluids.

Second. Milk containing less than $11\frac{1}{2}$ per cent of milk solids.

Third. Milk containing less than 3 per cent of fats.

Fourth. Milk drawn from animals within 15 days before or 5 days after parturition.

Fifth. Milk drawn from animals fed on distillery waste, or any substance in a state of fermentation or putrefaction, or on any unwholesome food.

Sixth. Milk drawn from cows kept in a crowded or unhealthy condition.

Seventh. Milk from which any part of the cream has been removed.

Eighth. Milk which has been diluted with water or any other fluid, or to which has been added, or into which has been introduced, any foreign substance whatever.

Ninth. Milk the temperature of which is higher than 50° F., or which contains an excessive number of bacteria.

The provisions of this section shall not be applicable, however, to modified milk held or offered for sale under permits therefor from the board of health, pursuant to the rules and regulations of said board.

SEC. 55. No condensed milk which is adulterated shall be brought into the city of New York or held, kept, sold, or offered for sale at any place in said city, nor shall anyone have, keep, sell, or offer for sale in said city any such condensed milk. The term "adulterated," when used in this section, refers to condensed milk in which the amount of fat is less than 25 per cent of the milk solids contained therein, or to which any foreign substance whatever has been added, excepting sugars, as in pre-